Line Interface

FT 634a, FT 634aC, FT 634aCL





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Technical Data

Voltage of operation +12V DC +/-30% Current demand ca. 100 mA Fuse 1 A, self-resetting

Weight ca. 525 g

Dimensions W x H x D 104 x 44 x 175 mm

Frequency of pilot tone ex factory setting: 3300 Hz Pilot tone decoder +/- 0,8 % (+/- 26 Hz)

Response time < 20 ms
Release time < 40 ms
min. pilot tone level at measuring (monitor.)point 75 mV
Notchfilter pilot tone suppression > 50 dB

2- resp. 4-wire

Input level 2-wire -10 dBm nominally, 250 mV

Adjustment range 2-wire -41 dBm to -1 dBm, 7 mV to 700 mV

Input level 4-wire -9 dBm nominally, 275 mV

Adjustment range 4-wire -40 dBm to +1 dBm, 8 mV to 850 mV Input impedance 2-wire Zr or 600 Ohm, 4-wire 600 Ohm Output level 2-wire -10 dBm, 250 mV (or: -19 dBm, 90 mV)

Pilot tone 2-wire -12 dBm, 200 mV

Output level 4-wire -14 dBm, 150 mV (or: -5 dBm, 450 mV)

Pilot tone 4-wire -16 dBm, 125 mV
Output impedance 2-wire Zr or 600 Ohm
Output impedance 4-wire 600 Ohm

Interface radio device resp. desk top control

Input level + 3 dBm nominally, 1100 mV

Adjustment range - 24 to + 6 dBm, 50 mV to 1550 mV

Input impedance 600 Ohm

Output level - 17 dBm ex factory setting, 100 mV Adjustment range - 30 to + 8 dBm, 25 mV to 2000 mV

Output impedance 600 Ohm



General Features

The new line interface FT634a is completely constructed in SMD-technology. The connections are pin-compatible with the former version, but instead of male connectors there are female connectors. The line interface is used to remotely operate a two-way radio by a 2- or 4-wire connection. It is possible to bridge very long distances depending on the cable attenuation. The FT634a is the simplest and most reasonable version. There are 6 different versions of the line interface FT634a. All versions offer the following features:

All versions of the FT634a

- 2- or 4-wire connection (selectable by jumper)
- Impedance 600 Ohm or Zr (selectabel by jumper) (Zr only for 2-wire)
- Connector radio device --> AF-in/output and PTT-out
- Pilot tone decoder 3300 Hz or DC-decoder
- Serial interface RS232 to adjust and program
- All levels adjustable with RS232
- All AF-in/outputs galvanically separated (transformer)

Version FT634aC

The version FT634aC additionally offers the possibility to switch channels remotely. The information for switching channels remotely are transmitted by 5-tone. A pilot tone encoder for 3300 Hz and a DC-encoder are also included. These are needed to connect the line interface to an operation terminal (e.g Major 6). The FT634aC has 8 digital inputs and 8 digital outputs.

Version FT634aCL

The version FT634aCL additionally offers line monitoring. This means that the connection of the 2/4-wire line is constantly monitored.

Version FT634aTRC

In version FT634aTRC the pilot-tone encoder is replaced by a TRC encoder. For this version, a separate user manual is available

The versions FT634a, FT634aC and FT634aCL are available in two different housings.



- black flange aluminum housing



- 19 inch plug-in unit (picture of old 7TE version) Attention: Since 2024 the 19" units are 10TE. Please plan your designs accordingly.



Channel switching

Remote switching of channels is achieved by transmitting certain 5-tone sequences. The interface to the two-way radio device is parallel. The channel switching status output can be "binary", "binary-1", "decimal" and "2xBCD". The channel output can be inverted if necessary.

Option line monitoring

The operating mode line monitoring can be configured for the FT634aCL. To do this devices with this option are needed at both ends of the line. Line monitoring is only active during idle times of the wire.

For this one of the devices has to be configured as master, the other as slave. The master device then scans the slave device in certain intervals. If there is no reply or the slave-device doesn't receive a scan by the master-device within a certain interval, one of the switching outputs can be programmed as error indicator.

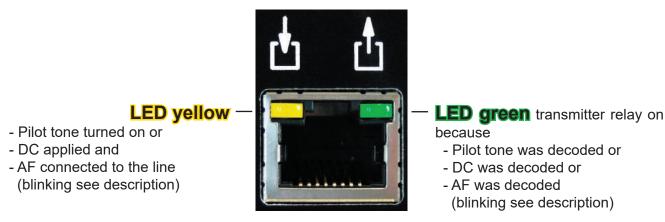
Transmitter control

The transmitter control is activated as soon as the AC-line receives and decodes the pilot tone. Then the PTT-output is switched by a potential-free relay. The PTT-output can also be controlled by DC- or AF-decoding (register 053/1).

Functions of the LEDs

The **green L=D** is on when the pilot tone is decoded by the AC-line or a DC potential is applied or AF is decoded depending on the configuration. The green LED blinks when there is a decoding but the switching of the transmitter relay is suppressed.

The **yellow Led** is on when the pilot tone was activated or DC applied to the line or the AF connected to the line. The yellow LED blinks when the activation of one of the afore-mentioned functions is suppressed.



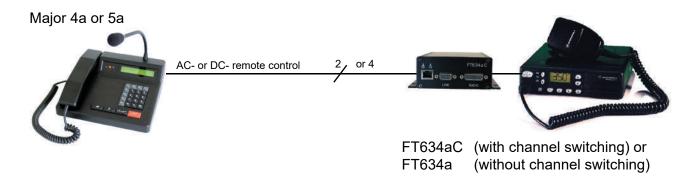


Examples

Depending on the setup of the radio installation different versions of the FT634a can be used. The following questions should be answered when planning:

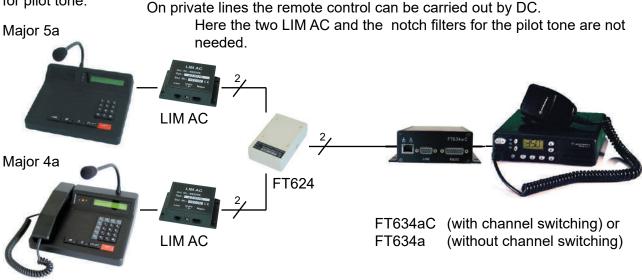
- Interface connection of the FT634a to an operation terminal or a two-way radio set
- Remote channel switching necessary
- Line monitoring necessary
- 2- or 4-wire connection, simplex or duplex
- Remote station also FT634a or operation terminal

Example 1: 2- or 4-wire remote control via private lines

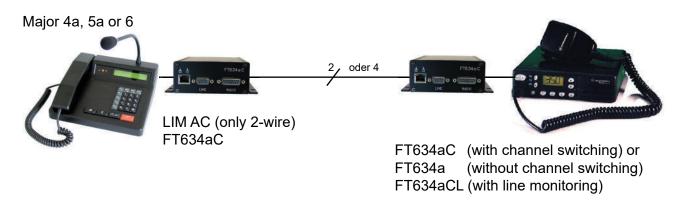


Example 2: Parallel circuit of several operation terminals --> LIM AC has to be equipped with notch for pilot tone.

On private lines the remete central can be carried out by DC.

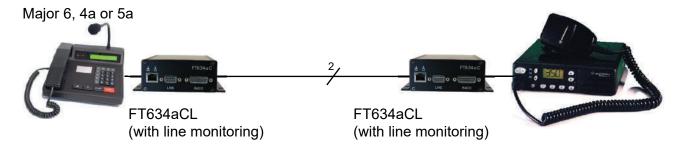


Example 3: 2- or 4-wire remote control via leased lines.





Example 4: Operation terminal Major 6 via 2-wire to the multi-channel radio set (with option line monitoring)

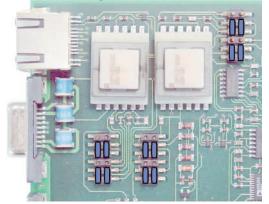




Jumper

Different configurations can be adjusted with the internal jumpers . For example you can choose between 2- or 4-wire connections. The functions of the different jumpers are printed directly onto the circuit board.

Jumper setting normal, 2D, Zr, AC (ex factory)

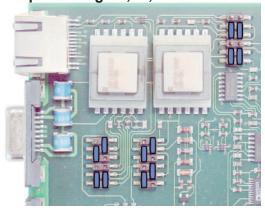


2D = 2 wire4D = 4 wire

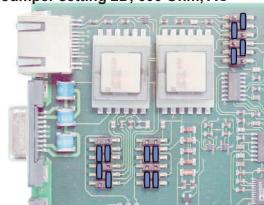
Zr = complex impedance 600 = real impedance 600 Ohm AC = remote control by AC voltage DC = remote control by DC voltage

= jumper

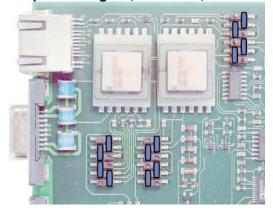
Jumper setting 2D, Zr, DC



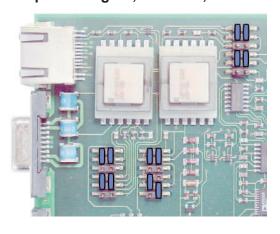
Jumper setting 2D, 600 Ohm, AC



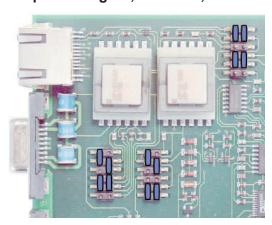
Jumper setting 2D, 600 Ohm, DC



Jumper setting 4D, 600 Ohm, DC

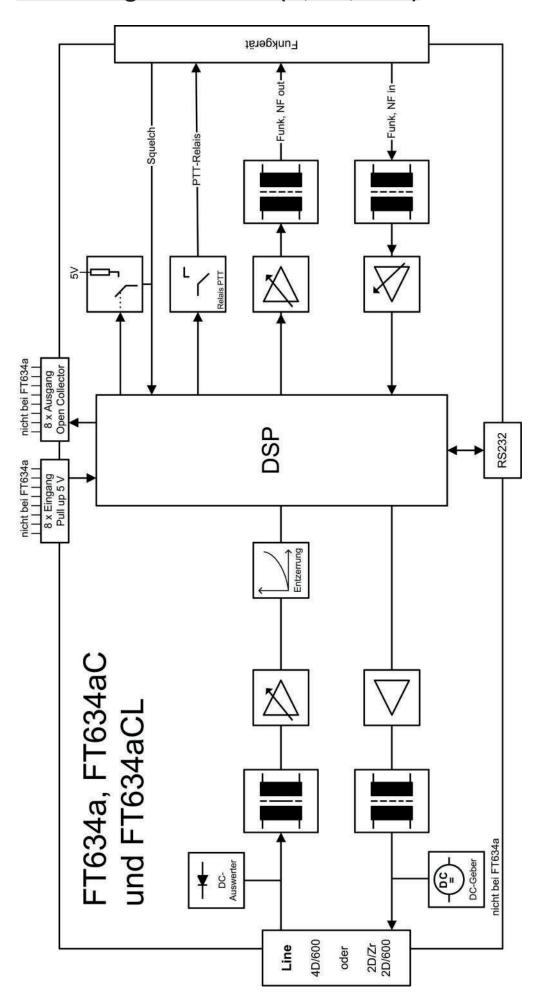


Jumper setting 4D, 600 Ohm, AC



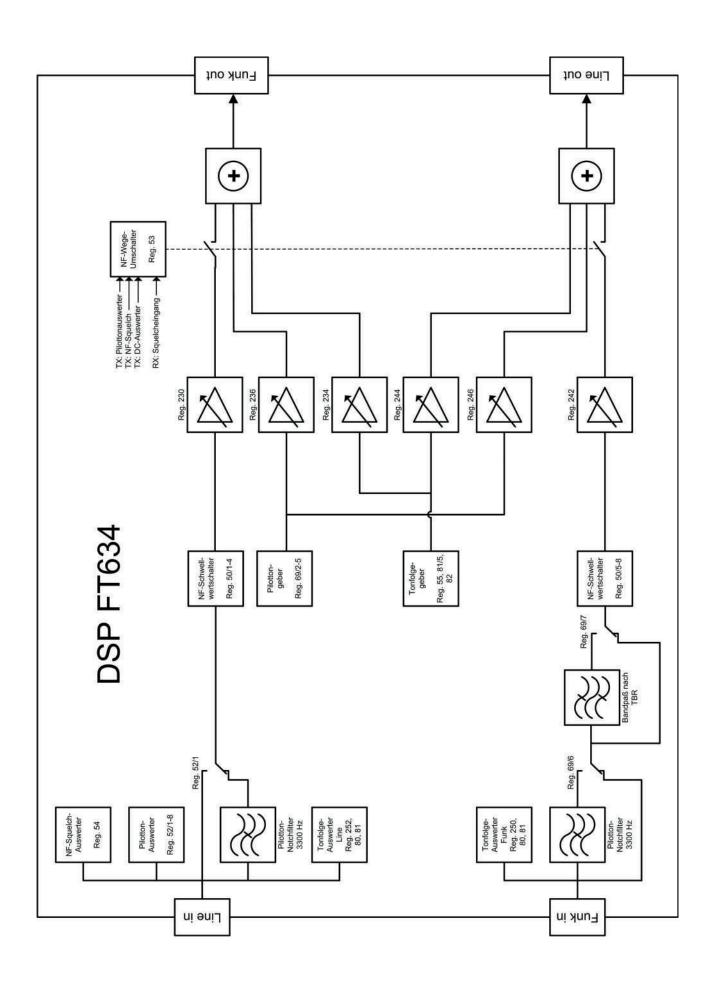


Block diagram FT634a (C, CL, TRC)





Block diagram DSP

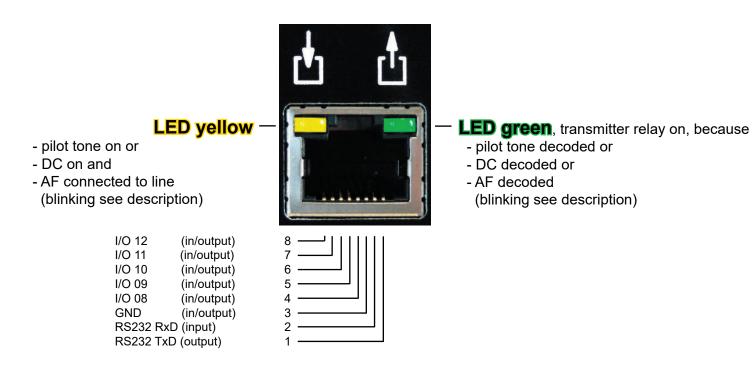


Pinout

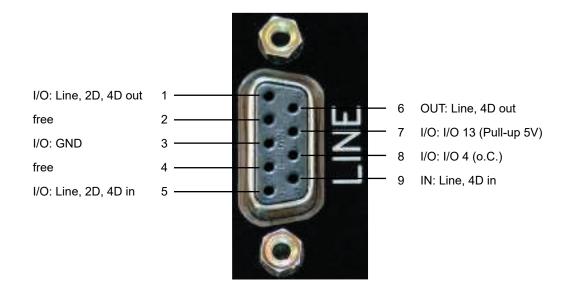
The pinout is the same for all types of the FT634a.



8-pin Western jack "RS232"

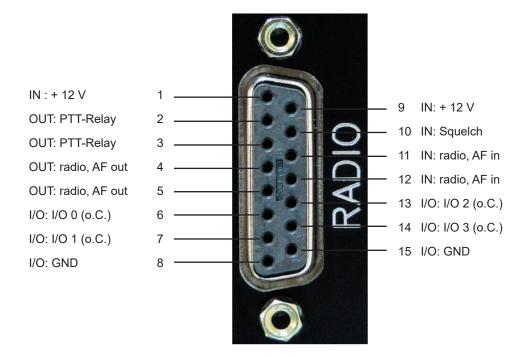


9-pin Sub-D jack "LINE"





15-pole Sub-D jack "RADIO"



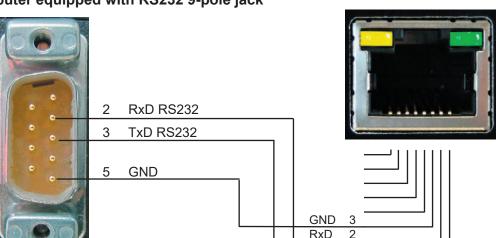
64-pole bus connector, 19 inch version

Pin	Α		С	
1	IN:	+ 12 Volt	IN:	+ 12 Volt
2	IN:	Analog 1 (0-7V)	IN:	Analog 2 (0-7V)
3	I/O:	I/O 08 (Pull-up 5V)		
4	I/O:	I/O 09 (Pull-up 5V)	IN:	Line, 4D in
5	I/O:	I/O 10 (Pull-up 5V)	OUT:	Line, 4D out
6	I/O:	I/O 11 (Pull-up 5V)	I/O:	Line, 2D, 4D out
7	I/O:	I/O 12 (Pull-up 5V)	I/O:	Line, 2D, 4D in
8	I/O:	I/O 13 (Pull-up 5V)	OUT:	bus, AF RADIO>BUS
9	I/O:	I/O 14 (Pull-up 5V)	IN:	bus, AF BUS>LINE
10	I/O:	I/O 15 (Pull-up 5V)	IN:	radio, AF in
11	I/O:	I/O 0 (o.C.)	IN:	radio, AF in
12 13	I/O: I/O:	I/O 1 (o.C.)		
14	I/O:	I/O 2 (o.C.)		
14 15	I/O:	I/O 3 (o.C.) I/O 4 (o.C.)	OUT:	radio, AF out
16	I/O:	I/O 5 (o.C.)	OUT:	radio, AF out
17	I/O:	I/O 6 (o.C.)	I/O:	I/O 7 (o.C.)
18	I/O. IN :	plug-in position config. 1	1/0.	1/0 / (0.0.)
19	IN:	plug-in position config. 2		
20	IN:	plug-in position config. 3	IN:	bus, AF BUS>RADIO
21	IN:	plug-in position config. 4	I/O:	DATA (RS232 UGA)
22	IN:	RXD (RS232 ext)	OUT:	TXD (RS232 ext)
23	I/O:	SDA (I2C)	I/O:	SCL (I2C)
24	OUT:	PTT-Relay	OUT:	PTT-Relay
25				,
26	IN:	Squelch		
27		•		
28				
29				
30				
31	OUT:	+3,3V	OUT:	+5V
32	I/O:	GND	I/O:	GND



RS232-connecting cable

Computer equipped with RS232 9-pole jack



RS232 jack on FT634

Service program/Adjustment

The *FT 634aC* has a RS-232 interface with the following specifications 9600 Baud, 1 Startbit, 8 Data bits, No Parity, 1 Stop bit, no protocol or Xon/Xoff

For communication with Windows e.g. the terminal program "HyperTerminal" can be used. For Linux we recommend the program minicom.

TxD

After hitting the key ENTER the terminal program prompts you for input:

After hitting the key the monitor prompts you for adjustment with the following screen:

Which potentiometer is to be adjusted?

- 1: input of line amplification 2: input of line - equalization 3: output to two-way radio
- 4: input of two-way radio
- x: end



The screen for potentiometer 1:

(The actual reading of the internal reference value iis shown after changing or blank key.)

```
Adjustment potentiometer 1:
Feed with required level into line-input at 1000Hz.
Adjust ,Line' to 300mV at internal reference value.
Initial value: adjustment potentiometer 1:
Feed with required level into line-input at 1000Hz.
Adjust ,Line' to 300mV at internal reference value.
Initial value: 014 (min:000 max:255) level: 000 mV reference value:
300 mV
Keys:
        <+> : +1
        <*>: +10
        <->: -1
        <>: -10
        < > : measuring only
        <a> : self-adjustment
        : programming
        \langle x \rangle : cancel
```

The screen for potentiometer 2:

The screen for potentiometer 3:

The screen for potentiometer 4:



EEPROM-Register FT634a

Programming

		1.+2. digit: 3.+4. digit:	nn*10ms advance time nn*10ms delay time
055	10100000		
	. 33-3-3	12. digit: 34. digit: 56. digit: 78. digit:	n*5ms above threshold, until SQL on ca. nn*1,8mV threshold AF on n*5ms below threshold, until SQL off ca. nn*1,8mV threshold AF off
054	02604010		
		RX meaning S0	1=amplification low 2=amplification high QL-input (056/1), TX means TX-decoder (053/1)
		8. digit:	3=RADIO>LINE on , LINE>RADIO on line amplification 0= auto, amplification low at 4-D, high at 2-D
		4. to 7. digit:	0=RADIO>LINE off, LINE>RADIO off 1=RADIO>LINE on , LINE>RADIO off 2=RADIO>LINE off, LINE>RADIO on
		6. digit: 7. digit:	AF-directions without RX, with TX AF-directions with RX, with TX
		4. digit: 5. digit:	1: RX before TX 2: TX before RX 3: first come, first served AF-directions without RX, without TX AF-directions with RX, without TX
		3. digit:	0: 4-wire, low amplification of line (-250dBm) 1: 4-wire, high amplification of line (-4015dBm) 2: 2-wire, low amplification of line (-250dBm) 3: 2-wire, high amplification of line (-4015dBm) priority 0: none
	*	1. digit: 2. digit:	TX-decoder 0=off, 1=PIL, 2=DC, 3=PIL+DC, 4=AF-squelch operating mode:
053	12211220	TX-configuratio	•
		 digit: digit: digit: digit: digit: 	5=2982Hz 6=3850Hz pilot tone detection, n*5ms decoding until on pilot tone detection, n*5ms no decoding until off pilot tone decoder frequency (like 1.digit), if 1.digit=0 pilot tone detection, min.level (0-9999) 0128=75mV, *2=-3dB;/2=+3dB sensitivity
052	12500128	Pilot tone 1. digit:	pilot tone filter frequency 0=no filter 1=3300Hz 2=3000Hz 3=2800Hz 4=3320Hz
Reg. 050	Default 03100320	Description AF-mute level 1.+2. digit: 3.+4. digit: 5.+6. digit: 7.+8. digit:	ca. nn*0,9mV threshold AF-mute line>radio activation ca. nn*0,9mV threshold AF-mute line>radio deactivation ca. nn*0,9mV threshold AF-mute line>line activation ca. nn*0,9mV threshold AF-mute radio>line deactivation



00051205 Squelch configuration 056 squelch input 1. digit: 0: active low, pullup on 1: active high, pullup off 2: free (audio squelch) 3: free (phantom) 4: active low, pullup off 5: active high, pullup on nn*10ms TX-blocking period after own AF on line, only 2-wire 3.+4. digit: nn*10ms TX-blocking period after own DC on line, only 2-wire 5.+6. digit: nn*10ms TX-blocking-period after own pilot tone on line, 2-wire 7.+8. digit: **057** 00000000 1. digit: language of online monitor 0: German 1: English 2: French 3: Dutch 4: Italian 063 BCD00000 Channel switching register 1.-3. digit: digits 1-3 of the remote channel switching sequence 064 00100000 Channel register 1. digit: save channel y=1, n=0 2.+3. digit: channel 00-99 Blocking-periods for RX and TX 065 30100000 1.+2. digit: nn * 10 ms before channel switching 3.+4. digit: nn * 10 ms after channel switching 066 01080000 Channel configuration 2. digit: channel output 0: none 1: decimal 2: binary-1 3: binary 4: 2xBCD 3. digit: 0: channel output normal 1: channel output inverted 4. digit: number of channel bits (0-8) 0: channel acknowledgement normal (BCDxy) digit: 1: channel acknowledgement Major6 (CBDxy) 2: channel acknowledgement normal with line activation (pilot or DC like 069/1) 3: channel acknowledgement Major6 with line activation (pilot or DC like 069/1) substitution channel bit for I/O4, if I/O4 is used for line 7. digit: activation (register 069/1=3) 068 Pilot-tone: rate of increase/decrease 00220011 rate of increase (level steps per control point) 1.-4. digit: (0022 corresponds to a total increase time of 10 ms) 5.-8. digit: rate of decrease (level steps per control point) (0011 corresponds to a total decrease time of 20 ms) 069 00000100 **RX-configuration** digit: RX-signaling to line



0: programmed pilot tone

2: DC
3=I/O4
4=PTT at 9pole DSub line connector ST2, Pin8
2.-5. digit: pilot tone frequency in Hz
6. digit: pilot tone filter frequency
0=no filter

0=no filter 1=3300Hz 2=3000Hz 3=2800Hz 4=3320Hz 5=2982Hz 6=3850Hz

7. digit: line filter, 0=off, 1=on (bandpass 300-3400Hz)

080 01810000 Decoder reference 1

1.-3. digit: nnn*5ms max. tone duration 1st tone 4.+5. digit: nn*5ms min. tone duration all tones

081 01800000 Decoder reference 2

1.-3. digit: nnn*5ms max. tone duration from 2nd tone on

5. digit: tone calling system 0:ZVEI, 1:CCIR, 2:ZVEI2, 3:EEA, 4:ZVEI3

082 07707000 Encoder reference

1.+2. digit: nn * 10ms tone duration 1st tone
3. digit: n * 10ms tone duration all other tones

4.+5. digit: nn * 10ms duration of break

083 10001000 Tone duration single-tone and special tone decoder

1.+2.digit: minimum tone duration single-tone decoding *100ms (für Reg.073/1)

3.+4.digit: maximum tone duration single-tone decoding *100ms

00 = decoding as soon as minimum duration is reached >00 = decoding, if tone duration is between min and max

5.+6.digit: minimum tone duration special tone decoding *100ms (for reg.073/3)

7.+8.digit: maximum tone duration special tone decoding *100ms

00 = decoding as soon as minimal duration is reached >00 = decoding, if tone duration is between min and max

103 DCBCDCBC Configuration switching inputs FT634C

1.-4. digit: tone sequence digits 1-45.-8. digit: expected acknowledgement

230 00025560 4.-8. digit: multiplicator for output level line>radio (0-32768)

234 00008300 4.-8. digit: multiplicator for output level tone>radio (0-32768)

236 00000000 4.-8. digit: multiplicator for output level pilot>radio (0-32768)

242 00025560 4.-8. digit: multiplicator for output level radio>line (0-32768)

244 00008300 4.-8. digit: multiplicator for output level tone>line (0-32768)

246 00006400 4.-8. digit: multiplicator for output level pilot>line (0-32768)

250 00000128 4.-8. digit: min. level for tone decoding of radio (0-32768)

251 00000128 4.-8. digit: min. level for tone decoding of line (0-32768)



Decoder functions FT634aC

The FT634aC contains 30 decoder registers plus one configuration register each.

The following registers are used for the decoder functions: 000 Decoder 1 001 Decoder 2 002 Decoder 3 003 Decoder 4 004 Decoder 5 005 Decoder 6 006 Decoder 7 007 Decoder 8 008 Decoder 9 009 Decoder 10 020 Decoder 11 021 Decoder 12 022 Decoder 13 023 Decoder 14 024 Decoder 15 025 Decoder 16 026 Decoder 17 027 Decoder 18 028 Decoder 19 029 Decoder 20 200 Decoder 21 201 Decoder 22 202 Decoder 23 203 Decoder 24 204 Decoder 25 205 Decoder 26 206 Decoder 27 207 Decoder 28 208 Decoder 29 209 Decoder 30 000-009, 020-029, 200-209: 1.-8.St.: 0-E = tones to decode (from chosen tone system) F = every tone is accepted at digits coded with 'F' All unused digits need to be coded with 'F' as well!! 010 Configuration for decoder 1 011 Configuration for decoder 2 012 Configuration for decoder 3 013 Configuration for decoder 4 014 Configuration for decoder 5 015 Configuration for decoder 6 016 Configuration for decoder 7 017 Configuration for decoder 8 018 Configuration for decoder 9 019 Configuration for decoder 10 030 Configuration for decoder 11 031 Configuration for decoder 12 032 Configuration for decoder 13 033 Configuration for decoder 14 034 Configuration for decoder 15



035 Configuration for decoder 16036 Configuration for decoder 17

```
037 Configuration for decoder 18
038 Configuration for decoder 19
039 Configuration for decoder 20
210 Configuration for decoder 21
211 Configuration for decoder 22
212 Configuration for decoder 23
213 Configuration for decoder 24
214 Configuration for decoder 25
215 Configuration for decoder 26
216 Configuration for decoder 27
217 Configuration for decoder 28
218 Configuration for decoder 29
219 Configuration for decoder 30
010-019, 030-039, 210-219:
1.digit:
                   0 = decoder off
                   1 = decoding from line
                   2 = decoding from radio
                   3 = decoding both ways
2.digit: 5-F = number of tones in the tone sequence (5-15 tones)
                   (the decoder always compares the length of the tone sequence and the first 8
                   digits that are coded in the decoder register)
3.digit: 0 = function 0: switch output
for function 0:
4.digit: 0-F = number of the switching output I/O 0 - I/O 15
5.digit: 0 = switch off output for the duration defined in digits 6-8
       1 = switch on output
       E = toggle output (on-off-on...)
6.-8.St.: nnn * 100ms switching time, 000 = switch permanently
095 Configuration I/O 0-7
096 Configuration I/O 8-15
095-096:
1.digit: 0 = I/O 0 (8) is output
       1 = I/O 0 (8) is input
8.digit: 0 = I/O 7 (15) is output
       1 = I/O 7 (15) is input
Example: 5-tone sequence 12345 received from the radio is to activate I/O 15 für 3 seconds.
020: 12345FFF
```

020: 12345FFF 030: 250F1030 096: xxxxxxx0



Alarm transmission from FT634aC to Major 4a/5a

Up to 3 alarms can be transmitted from the FT634aC to a Major 4a/5a. The FT634aC instantly transmits an occuring change of the alarm inputs to the Major. As long as no acknowledgement is received, up to 3 repetitions are transmitted. If still no acknowledgement was received, transmission is restarted after 1 min. The Major displays a newly received alarm at once. The user needs to acknowledge the alarms using #. All alarms that occurred are displayed until they are acknowledged, even if they are no longer active. In the latter case, the current alarm status is displayed after the user's acknowledgement. This status must again be acknowledged.

FT634aC:

```
Register 095: Configuration for I/O 0-7 (0=output, 1=input)
Register 096: Configuration für I/O 8-15 (0=output, 1=input)
Register 104: digit 1-4: tone sequence for alarmswitching (ABC0)
digit 5: always transmit alarm tone sequence after power-on, even if no alarm is active y/n (1/0)
Register 108: Function I/O 0 passive>active (high>low)
Register 109: Function I/O 0 active>passive (low>high)
```

... Register 124: Function I/O 8 passive>active (high>low) Register 125: Function I/O 8 active>passive (low>high)

Register 138: Function I/O 15 passive>active (high>low) Register 139: Function I/O 15 active>passive (low>high)

Function alarm input (must be coded in register 108-139)

1. digit: 2=function alarm input

2. digit: input for: 0=emergency power supply, 1=housebreaking, 2=alarm

3. digit: 0: alarm off, 1: alarm active

Default values for alarm transmission:

```
Register 096: 111xxxxx (I/O 8,9,10 are inputs)
Register 104: ABC01xxx (transmits alarm tone sequence ABC0x after power-on)
Register 124: 201xxxxx I/O 8: emergency power supply input, low=active
Register 125: 200xxxxx I/O 8: emergency power supply input, high=passive
Register 126: 211xxxxx I/O 9: housebreaking input, low=active
Register 127: 210xxxxx I/O 9: housebreaking input, high=passive
Register 128: 221xxxxx I/O 10: alarm input, low=active
Register 129: 220xxxxx I/O 10: alarm input, high=passive
```

Major 4a/5a:

Register 075:

digit 1-4: alarm tone sequence (ABC0)

digit 5: PTT used for acknowledgement/alarm request

5 = with pilot-tone

6 = w/o pilot-tone

7 = w/o pilot-tone, w/o TX

Register 076: Configuration for alarm decoder

digit 1: alarm tone type (signaling tone for the user of the Major)

digit 2: duration of the alarm tone *200ms

digit 3: alarm tone volume

Register 077: Configuration 2 for alarm decoder

digit 1: request at power-on y/n (1/0) digit 2: alarm output: 0 (none), 1-7



```
digit 3: switch output: 0(off), F(on), 1-E(on for x seconds) digit 4: acknowledgement: 0=no, 1=yes
```

digit 5: display time: 1-F=1-15s, 0 = until acknowledged with #

Function 2 (transmit call):

2. digit: 6=transmit alarm request

Inputs initiating tone sequences

Starting with software version V2.02 (16.09.10) the 16 inputs of the FT634aC can be used to encode 5-tone sequences. The tone sequence is transmitted on activating and/or deactivating the respective input. Transmission can be blocked if the FT634aC is currently receiving or transmitting. The tone sequence is not repeated and no acknowledgement is expected. The FT634aC is able to buffer up to 10 tone sequences, in case an instant transmission is not possible. If the buffer is already full, further tone sequences are discarded.

FT634aC:

Register 095: Configuration for I/O 0-7 (0=output, 1=input)
Register 096: Configuration for I/O 8-15 (0=output, 1=input)
Register 108: Function I/O 0 passive>active (high>low)
Register 109: Function I/O 0 active>passive (low>high)
...
Register 124: Function I/O 8 passive>active (high>low)
Register 125: Function I/O 8 active>passive (low>high)
...
Register 138: Function I/O 15 passive>active (high>low)

Register 138: Function I/O 15 passive>active (high>low) Register 139: Function I/O 15 active>passive (low>high)

Function: transmit tone sequence

(must be programmed into the respective register (108-139))

- 1. digit: 4=transmit tone sequence
- 2. digit: direction and PTT-type:

PTT to the line can be pilot-tone, DC or I/O4.

- 0: to the line
- 1: to the line with PTT
- 2: to the radio
- 3: to the radio with PTT
- 4: to line and radio
- 5: to Line with PTT and to radio w/o PTT
- 6: to Line w/o PTT and to radio with PTT
- 7: to line and radio with PTT
- 3. digit: transmission is blocked...
 - 0: never
 - 1: if TX is active
 - 2: if RX is active
 - 3: if TX and/or RX is active

Configuration example:

On activation of input 8 the sequence 12345 is to be transmitted to the radio using PTT. On deactivation of input 8 the sequence 54321 is to be transmitted to the line using pilot-tone signaling. The sequence to the line is only to be sent if the transmitter is not active.

Register 124: 43012345 Register 125: 41154321



Option: Line monitoring (FT 634a CL)

The FT634aCL can be configured for line monitoring. For line monitoring you need 2 devices that are equipped with this option (e.g. FT634aCL).

The line monitoring is only active when the line is not in use (i.e. no squelch or PTT is active). One of the FT634aCLs has to be configured as master and the other one as slave. The master repeatedly sends a request to the slave after a defined timespan (master cycle time), which the slave has to acknowledge. If no acknowledgement is received or if the slave does not receive a request for a defined timespan (slave cycle time), one of the switching outputs (0-15) can be configured as alarm display.

The tone sequence for line monitoring (digits 1-4) can be configured in register 090. Ex factory, this sequence is set to "BCBC". The parameters for line monitoring can be configured as follows in registers 90-92:

Register 090: tone sequence used for line monitoring (1...4 Stelle)

Register 091

1. digit: line monitoring

0 = off

1 = master device

2 = slave device

- 2. digit: line monitoring telegrams with pilot-tone? y/n (1/0)
- 3.-5. digit: (master or slave) cycle time nnn*6s

Register 092

1.-8. digit: error or alarm display using output 0-7

Register 093

1.-8. digit: error or alarm display using output 8-15 (Ex factory, the in-/outputs 8-15 are configured as inputs!)

Configuration of the digits in registers 092/093:

0=not used, 1= output low active, 2 = output high active

Example configuration:

Register 090: BCBC0000

Register 091: 10050000 (master, cycle time: 5min) or

Register 091: 20100000 (slave, cycle time: 10min), respectively Register 092: 10000000 (output I/O 0 is error output, low active)



Tontabelle

Tone chart				
Tone	ZVEI 1	CCIR	ZVEI 2	EEA
0	2400 Hz	1981 Hz	2400 Hz	1981 Hz
1	1060 Hz	1124 Hz	1060 Hz	1124 Hz
2	1160 Hz	1197 Hz	1160 Hz	1197 Hz
3	1270 Hz	1275 Hz	1270 Hz	1275 Hz
4	1400 Hz	1358 Hz	1400 Hz	1358 Hz
5	1530 Hz	1446 Hz	1530 Hz	1446 Hz
6	1670 Hz	1540 Hz	1670 Hz	1540 Hz
7	1830 Hz	1640 Hz	1830 Hz	1640 Hz
8	2000 Hz	1747 Hz	2000 Hz	1747 Hz
9	2200 Hz	1860 Hz	2200 Hz	1860 Hz
А	2800 Hz	2400 Hz	886 Hz	1055 Hz
В	810 Hz	930 Hz	810 Hz	930 Hz
С	970 Hz	2247 Hz	740 Hz	2247 Hz
D	886 Hz	991 Hz	680 Hz	991 Hz
Е	2600 Hz	2110 Hz	970 Hz	2110 Hz
Duration	ZVEI 1	CCIR	ZVEI 2	EEA
min.	52.5 ms	75 ms	52.5 ms	30 ms
typ.	70 ms	100 ms	70 ms	40 ms
max.	87.5 ms	125 ms	87.5 ms	50 ms



General Safety Instructions

Please read the operating instructions carefully before installation and setup.

The relevant regulations must be complied to when working with 230V line voltage, two-wire-lines, four-wire-lines and ISDN-lines. It is also very important to comply to the regulations and safety instructions of working with radio installations.

Please comply to the following safety rules:

- All components may only be mounted and maintained when power is off.
- The modules may only be activated if they are built in a housing and are scoop-proof.
- Devices which are operated with external voltage especially mains voltage may only be opened when they have been disconnected from the voltage source or mains.
- All connecting cables of the electronic devices must be checked for damage regularly and must be exchanged if damaged.
- Absolutely comply to the regular inspections required by law according to VDE 0701 and 0702 for line-operated devices.
- Tools must not be used near or directly at concealed or visible power lines and conductor paths and also not at and in devices using external voltage – especially mains voltage - as long as the power supply voltage has not been turned off and all capacitors have been discharged. Electrolytic capacitors can be still charged for a long time after turning off.
- When using components, modules, devices or circuits and equipment the threshold values of voltage, current and power consumption specified in the technical data must absolutely be complied to. Exceeding these threshold values (even if only briefly) can lead to significant damage.
- The devices, components or circuits described in this manual are only adapted for the specified usage. If you are not sure about the purpose of the product, please ask your specialized dealer.
- The installation and setup have to be carried out by professional personnel.

Factory returning of old equipment

According to German law concerning electronic devices old devices cannot be disposed off as regular waste. Our devices are classified for commercial use only. According to § 11 of our general terms of payment and delivery, as of November 2005, the purchasers or users are obliged to return old equipment produced by us free of cost. FunkTronic GmbH will dispose of this old equipment at its own expense according to regulations.

Please send old equipment for disposal to:

FunkTronic GmbH Breitwiesenstraße 4 36381 Schlüchtern

>>> Important hint: freight forward deliveries cannot be accepted by us.

February 2nd, 2006

Subject to change, Errors excepted

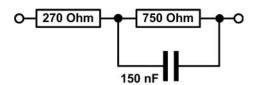


Terms and abbreviations

Line 2-wire cable Radio 2-way-radio

 Z_{R} Reference impedance,

this is the same as a real 2-wire-cable according to German TBR 15



2D 2 wire 4D 4 wire

Zr Complex impedance according to German TBR
600 Real impedance 600 Ohm according to German TBR

AC Remote control via AC voltage DC Remote control via DC voltage

IN Input Output

I/O In- and output
SDA I2C-Bus Data
SCL I2C-Bus Clock
TXD RS232 Transmitter
RXD RS232 Receiver
PTT Push To Talk

DSP Digital Signal Processor

FT FunkTronic



Revision remarks

Modifications made are only mentioned in note form in this section. For detailed information please read the corresponding chapters.

23.06.2009	- revision remark added
06.08.2013	- technical data revised, register 52/4 changed, registers 52, 57, 83 added
06.02.2014	- removed old parts of the TRC despcription > separate manual
02.01.2024	- correction of output level 2-wire to 90 mV
02.02.2024	- change of 19" version from 7TE to 10TE

